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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/964,143	09/25/2001	James Hugh McLaughlin	C&E, JHM-1	1702
7590 08/29/2006			EXAMINER	
Robert J. Kelleher, Esq.			WANG, SHENGJUN	
Crabtree & Evel	lyn, Ltd.			
102 Peake Brook Road			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
P>O> Box 167			1617	
Woodstock, CT 06281-0167			DATE MAILED: 08/29/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



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CONTROL NO. PATENT IN REEXAMINATION

ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.

EXAMINER

ART UNIT

PAPER

20060822

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Commissioner for Patents

The reply brief filed June 20, 2006 has been entered and considered. The application has been forwarded to the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences for decision on the appeal.

The appellant has submitted Request for Admissions along with the Reply to the Examiner's Answer seeking a response to the same set of questions from several USPTO employees, including Shengjun Wang, Sreeni Padmanabhan, and Board members. The USPTO rules governing both examination of applications and appeals do not provide for such a submission.

Moreover, the USPTO and the Department of Commerce have promulgated regulations that govern requests for employee testimony, in accordance with the Supreme Court's holding in United States ex rel. Touhy v. Ragen, 340 U.S. 462 (1951). See 37 C.F.R. part 104; 15 C.F.R. part 15; see also Manual of Patent Examining Procedure (MPEP) Chapter 1700. Accordingly, the demand for testimony, including request for admissions, from USPTO employees must comply with the USPTO's regulations regarding such demands and are not made under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. See generally 37 CFR Part 104; United States ex rel. Touhy v. Ragen, 340 U.S. 462 (1951).

The Request for Admissions accompanying your Reply to the Examiner's Answer does not comply with 37 CFR Part 104, e.g., your demand does not include an affidavit setting forth the information required in 37 CFR § 104.22(c)(3) and the MPEP §1701 and was not properly served under 37 CFR § 104.22(c)(1).

Finally, the appellant stated that if a response to the Request for Admissions "is not timely, the matters set forth therein are deemed admitted." However, because your demand is improper, the USPTO will not provide a response.

As to the fee paid by appellant on September 21, 2004, it appears that applicant has overpaid the extension fee. Applicant may file request for refund.

SHENGJUNWANG ERIMARY EKAMING

Shengjun Wang / Primary Examiner Art Unit: 1617